**Procedure to Support the Prevention of Extremism and Radicalisation (PREVENT)**

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| **Any member of staff or student/resident at YMCA Derbyshire who has concerns regarding the issues identified within this guidance policy should report those concerns immediately to the Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead (SDSL) for Child Protection/Safeguarding or to the Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead (DDSL) for Child Protection/Safeguarding or to an Additional Designated Lead for Child Protection/Safeguarding.**  |

**Department: Core Services**

**Approval Route: Board**

**Frequency of Revision: Annually**

**Lead Policy: Safeguarding**

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1. **INTRODUCTION**

The current threat from Terrorism and Extremism in the United Kingdom is real and severe and can involve the exploitation of vulnerable people, including children and young people.

This policy is designed to provide a clear framework to structure and inform our response to safeguarding concerns for those young people who may be vulnerable to the messages of extremism. In addition, it provides details of the local inter agency process and expectations in identifying appropriate interventions based on the threshold of need and intervention model and the Channel process.

If there is a reason to believe that a child, young person or an adult associated with those known to be involved in extremism either because they associate directly with known individuals or because they frequent key locations, including online material, where these individuals are known to operate, there is a need to refer to the Prevent Referral Portal. Incidents should be referred to the safeguarding team using MyConcern.

By completing the online form, we will consent for the referral to arrive with both our dedicated Local Authority safeguarding team & Prevent policing team for a joint assessment. The safeguarding team will receive feedback, as appropriate, from the joint team.

The online Prevent Referral Portal is appropriate for anyone who is vulnerable to radicalisation or being drawn into any form of extremism. Prevent/Channel aims to safeguard children and adults of any faith, ethnicity or background before their vulnerabilities are exploited by those that would want to cause them or others harm.

There is no single way of identifying who is likely to be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism. Factors that may have a bearing on someone becoming vulnerable may include: peer pressure, influence from other people or via the internet, bullying, crime against them or their involvement in crime, anti-social behaviour, family tensions, race/hate crime, lack of self-esteem or identity and personal or political grievances.

Referrals made to the portal should contain concerns based on a person's vulnerability to radicalisation and should not be because of the person's faith or ethnic origin. The person considering making the referral will be the Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead for YMCA Derbyshire or another member of the safeguarding team (in the absence of the Senior DSL, who has a good understanding of Prevent/ Channel).

The on-line adult referral form will be completed when the individual at risk to radicalisation is aged 18 and above at the point of referral, regardless of whether they are still in full-time education or not.

If the young person is under the age of 18 at the point of referral a children’s on-line referral form will be completed.

If the referral involves a family/group situation and older siblings/family members or contacts need to be referred at the same time as a young person then both adult and children’s referral forms will be completed.

There is no need for an adult’s or parental consent to complete a referral.

The information provided will be assessed by the Local Authority and the Prevent Policing Team. If there is no Prevent concern but other safeguarding issues are present, this information will be shared with YMCA Derbyshire’s safeguarding team.

**Radicalisation** is defined as the process by which people come to support terrorism and extremism and, in some cases, to then participate in terrorist groups.

**Extremism** is vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs.

This policy does not form part of any employee’s contract of employment, and it may be amended at any time. We may also vary any parts of the policy, including any time limits, as appropriate in any case.

1. **EQUALITY, DIVERSITY AND COMMUNITY COHESION**

YMCA Derbyshire aims to guide our service users to understand others, to promote common values and to value diversity, to promote awareness of human rights and of the responsibility to uphold and defend them, and to develop the skills of participation and responsible action. We take extremely seriously our key roles in preparing all our young people for life in modern Britain.

We aim to encourage working towards a society with a common vision and sense of belonging by all. Communities: a society in which the diversity of people’s backgrounds and circumstances is appreciated and valued; a society in which similar life opportunities are available to all; and a society in which strong and positive relationships exist and continue to be developed in the workplace, in education and in the wider community.

1. **NATIONAL GUIDANCE AND STRATEGIES**

PREVENT is a key part of the Government’s strategy to stop people becoming terrorists (often referred to as being radicalised) or supporting terrorism. Early intervention is at the heart of Prevent in diverting people away from being drawn into terrorist activity. Prevent happens before any criminal activity takes place. It is about recognising, supporting and protecting people who might be susceptible to radicalisation. The Prevent strategy objectives are:

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| **Ideology** | Respond to the ideological challenge of terrorism and the threat we face from those who promote it |
| **Individuals** | Prevent people from being drawn into terrorism and ensure that they are given appropriate advice and support |
| **Institutions** | Work with sectors and institutions where there are risks of radicalisation which we need to address |

**All staff should have an awareness of the PREVENT agenda and the various forms that radicalisation takes so that staff are able to recognise signs and indicators of concern and respond appropriately.**

All YMCA Derbyshire staff are required to complete the Channel General Awareness online learning every two years, and new staff are part of an ongoing induction programme which includes raising the awareness of Prevent.

1. **VULNERABILITY/RISK INDICATORS**

The following lists are not exhaustive and all or none may be present in individual cases of concern. Nor does it mean that vulnerable people experiencing these factors are automatically at risk of exploitation for the purposes of extremism. The accepted view is that a complex relationship between the various aspects of an individual’s identity determines their vulnerability to extremism.

There is no such thing as a ‘typical extremist’ and those involved in extremism come from a range of backgrounds and experiences. The following indicators may help to identify factors that suggest a young person, or their family may be vulnerable or involved with extremism.

4.1Vulnerability

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| **Identity crisis** | Distance from cultural/religious heritage and uncomfortable with their place in society around them |
| **Personal crisis** | Family tensions; sense of isolation; low self-esteem; disassociating from existing friendship group and becoming involved with a new and different group of friends; searching for answers to questions about identity, faith and belonging. |
| **Personal circumstances** | Migration; local community tensions; events affecting country of origin; alienation from UK values; having a sense of grievance that is triggered by personal experience of racism or discrimination or aspects of government policy.  |
| **Unmet aspirations** | Perceptions of injustice; feeling of failure; rejection of civic life. |
| **Criminality** | Experiences of imprisonment; poor resettlement/ reintegration, previous involvement with criminal groups. |

4.2Access to extremist influences

* Reason to believe that the person associates with those known to be involved in extremism.
* Possession or distribution of extremist literature/other media material likely to incite racial/religious hatred or acts of violence.
* Use of closed network groups via electronic media for the purpose of extremist activity.

4.3 Experience, behaviours and influences

* Experience of peer, social, family or faith group rejection.
* International events in areas of conflict and civil unrest had a personal impact on the young person resulting in a noticeable change in behaviour.
* Verbal or written support of terrorist attacks.
* First-hand experience of racial or religious hate crime.
* Extended periods of travel to international locations known to be associated with extremism.
* Evidence of fraudulent identity/use of documents to support this.
* Experience of disadvantage, discrimination, or social exclusion.
* History of criminal activity.
* Pending a decision on their immigration/national status.

4.4 More critical risk factors include**:**

* Being in contact with extremist recruiters.
* Articulating support for extremist cause or leaders.
* Accessing extremist websites, especially those with a social networking element.
* Possessing extremist literature.
* Justifying the use of violence to solve societal issues.
* Joining extremist organisations.
* Significant changes to appearance/behaviour.
1. **REFERRAL AND INTERVENTION POLICY**

Any identified concerns as the result of observed behaviour or reports of conversations to suggest that the young person supports terrorism and/or extremism, must be reported to the named designated safeguarding person immediately.

5.1Child Protection Officers

YMCA Derbyshire’s Child Protection Officers are:

* Senior Designated Safeguarding Lead for Prevent – Wayne Exton
* Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead for Prevent – Tamara Maguire
* Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead for Prevent – Rebecca Lauder
* Deputy Safeguarding Lead for Prevent – Kim Newton
* Please see current ‘Safeguarding Contact’ list for details of all Designated Safeguarding Leads.

Where a young person is thought to be in need/or at risk of significant harm, and/or where investigations need to be carried out (even though parental consent may be withheld), a referral to Children’s Social Care should be made in the line with YMCA Derbyshire’s Safeguarding Policy. However, it should be recognised that concerns of this nature, in relation to violent extremism, are most likely to require a police investigation (as part of the Channel process). As part of the referral process, the senior designated lead (or the other leads) will raise a referral to Channel.

5.2 Channel referral process

Some concerns which are identified may have a security dimension to them. For this reason, it is important that liaison with the police forms an early part of the investigations, and the Senior Designated Lead for Safeguarding or other Safeguarding Leads will report as appropriate. Derbyshire Constabulary will carry out an initial assessment and, if appropriate, set up a multi-agency meeting to agree actions for supporting the individual. If it is deemed that there are no concerns around radicalisation, appropriate and targeted support will be considered for the young person.

**Please follow Safeguarding reporting procedures for all incidents of concern.**

**Always call the Safeguarding Team for advice if you are not sure what do in a potential child protection/adult at risk/safeguarding situation.**

1. **The Terrorism (Protection of Premises) Bill, known as Martyn’s Law**

Following on from the Manchester Arena Inquiry and London Bridge inquest, it was called for the introduction of legislation and guidance to protect the public. This Bill will form part of the government’s wider counter-terrorism strategy, known as CONTEST.

This new Bill will improve protective security and organisational preparedness across the UK by requiring, for the first time, that those responsible for certain premises and events to consider the terrorist risk and how they would respond to an attack.

Whilst we currently do not fall under either of the two tiers, we do have to consider premises we use for fundraising events by ensuring that they do have the correct procedures in place to safeguard the publiin the event of an attack.

**7. MONITORING AND REVIEW OF THE POLICY**

This policy will be reviewed annually or earlier if there are changes in legislation or for reasons of good practice.